

Surgut - a pearl of Ugra



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1. Origin of name



1. To history of Siberia», P.N. Butsinisky:

- "... The whole area, which was built Russian city called Surgut. Whence was this name? It is known that the city was founded near the settlement of the Khanty tribe, and kept him without a local name for the translation into Russian. Such a tradition existed among explorers at the base of all the cities of Siberia. From this we can assume that the word "Surgut" is composed of two drevneyugorskih "rubbish" and "kut", which reached us in a modified form. The word "cop" is translated as "jellied flood plain," the word "kut" in Surgut dialect means "fish." Consequently, in conjunction word "sorkut" in drevneyugorskom language could mean the whole concept associated with the lifestyle of the people: annual spring nomadic tribes of taiga rivers and hunting grounds in the Ob floodplain. "
2. According to another version, translated from the Khanty "Surgut" - "fishy." Historically, the city stands on the shore of the great Siberian rivers - the Ob, in its middle reaches.
 3. Translated from the Khanty "sumgut" - "the birch" (but on the basis of the etymology of the Khanty "sumgut" is credited with the name of Birch (birch), on the right bank of the Ob region of Surgut is dominated by coniferous forests);
 4. In Turkic "Surgut" - "blessed, happy place" ("Sur" - "sup," "Gut" - "Happiness");
 5. From the word "urguchit" - "to carry slavery" (in this embodiment, there is no logical component of Surgut was not a place of exile and did not build its economy on the basis of production associated with hard work, in addition, the word "Surgut" was originally designated area for building the future of the prison - it is clear from the king's order);
 6. From the word "ur" - "hill" - and "Gut" - "locality" (but location at which a jail was built, have not been allocated a special high - on the opposite bank of the Ob towers does not go in no comparison with the highest point of Surgut Stone cape, and a few kilometers downstream from a much higher Autograph Gore);

2. Coat of arms



Coat of Arms of Surgut was approved March 17, 1785, along with other arms of the governorship of Tobolsk.

Unapproved draft Coat of Arms of Surgut, 1867: In the golden shield with a black fox running with dark red eyes and tongue. In the free part of the coat of arms Tobolsk. The shield is crowned with a silver mural crown of three teeth and surrounded by golden spikes, joined Alexander's band.

- In 1975 a new coat of arms of Surgut was established. Coat of arms is a shield in the upper part of which is red with silver given the name of the city. The rest of the shield is blue, which intersect at the bottom of a silver wavy line, which divides the main field into 2 parts. At the top of the main field of the shield depicts a snowflake, which cuts through the rig .. snowflake is made up of elements of traditional ornament, symbolizing the city belonging to the Khanty-Mansiysk Autonomous Region. Rig - a symbol of the oil region. In the lower part - running fox - a symbol of the taiga, an element of the old coat of arms.
- A modern coat of arms of Surgut, "in a gold box - black with silver fox tail end, going on an azure ground", approved November 20, 2003 decision of the City Council of November 4, 2003.



3. History



Unlike the Europeans, seeking to conquer overseas territory, Russia turned its gaze to the eastern lands. In distant lands stretched Cossacks, industrialists, merchants, and peasants. They attracted the rich booty here fur. Later, there will a variety of ore deposits, then oil and gas.

Surgut was built in place of the settlement of the tribe house. He was famous for the abundance of fish due to geographical features. At this point, the Ob is a huge pasture fish.

Instructions on the construction of Surgut was received February 19, 1594 P.V. Boryatinsky and writing head Vladimir Onichkovym. Location of the future city was in possession of Prince Ostyak mess. Having broken through resistance guns Surgut Ostyaks, the magistrates began to quickly build a city. Builders in a hurry to catch colds, and they feared the raids Ostyaks.

In 1628 Siberia was divided into Tobolsk and Tomsk discharges. Initially, Surgut was subject to Tomsk, was then under the command of Tobolsk vozvrashen discharge. Surgut administration was collecting tribute (tribute), what allows multiple abuse.

Living in Surgut, as well as other Siberians, were in the State. Service people receive annual salary money (5 rubles 25 kopecks), bread (8 quarters and 11 quarters of unmarried married Cossacks) and salt (and a half peck peck married and unmarried and a quarter). People were supplied with arms and ammunition.

Surgut, like many cities in Siberia, served as a reference. These participants were exiled popular uprisings (including under the leadership of Stepan Razin), religious dissenters.

As time went on ... The city has got not only the church, Arcade, prison and army.



4. Population

The resident population of the city at present - more than 300 thousand people. The demographic situation in the city is characterized by a stable natural population growth of more than 2 thousand people a year.



Year	Population
1897	1100
1926	1300
1939	2300
1959	60000
1970	34000
1979	106700
1989	247800
1998	247800
2000	247900
2001	276600
2003	285000
2005	291800
2006	290600
2007	289800
2008	294200
2009	298400
2010	304000

5. Geography



The city is located in the north of Western Siberia, in the middle reaches, and the right bank of the river. Ob, 250 miles east of Khanty-Mansiysk, in 708 km north-east of Tumen. Distance to Moscow in 2889 km. 61 parallel of north latitude. Based on climatic conditions in the area is equated to the High North: Winter lasts about seven months a year.

CLIMATE

In Surgut pretty harsh climatic conditions. The climate is continental. Winter is moderately cold, long-term - the second half of October to mid-April. The average January temperature of $-20,9^{\circ}\text{C}$. The snow cover from late October to early May. Spring is cooler autumn, frosts (up to -2°C) are possible in the first week of June. Summers are moderately warm, average temperature in July $+17,4^{\circ}\text{C}$. Autumn from September to mid-October.

The average annual temperature - $-1,9^{\circ}\text{C}$

The average annual wind speed - 4.2 m/s

The average annual humidity - 75%



6. Honorary citizens



The title of "Honorary Citizen of the city of Surgut" was established by the Executive Committee of City Council in June 1968. Currently, the title given City Council decision on the basis of the provisions of Articles 9 and 31 of the Charter of the city. The order of assignment is determined by the position of the rank of "Honorary Citizen of the city of Surgut."

List of honorary citizens of the city of Surgut (in alphabetical order) and the dates of assignments titles:

- Agafonov, Benjamin Maksimovic (b. 1930) - December 5, 1980;
- Bogdanov, Vladimir Leonidovich (b. 1951) - 1997;
- Vazhenin Yuri Ivanovich (b. 1954) - June 2, 2004;
- Sloth, Vladimir G. (b. 1939);
- Lark, Eugene Nikitovich (1926-1999) - June 1994;
- Zhavoronkov, Nazhmetdin Uakpaevich (1926-2005) - March 31, 1981;
- Zakharov, Ivan Prokopievich (1929-2004) - June 22, 1994;
- Kushnikov, George Gavrilovic (1908-1977) - June 28, 1969;
- Menschikova, Lyudmila Andreyevna (1923-1989) - December 5, 1980;
- Panasevich, Vera (b. 1937) - November 28, 2006;
- Evidence Flegont Yakovlevich (1922-1996) - April 7, 1988;
- Salakhov, Valery Sheyhevich (b. 1942) - 2008;
- Salmanov, Farman Kurbanovich (1931-2007) - June 28, 1968;
- Sibirtsev, Andrei (1924-2007) - June 22, 1994;
- Sidorov, Aleksandr Leonidovich (b. 1952) - 2002;
- Solokhin, Valentin (born 1954);
- Shchepetkin, Maria Andreyevna (1917-1990) - March 20, 1969.



7. Culture of Surgut (Monuments)



- A memorial obelisk soldiers went to the front in 1941-1945. - Was originally erected at river station in 1945 in a wooden version, restored by May 8, 1995 A modern monument - obelisk of white marble (weight 8 tons), constructed in Yekaterinburg.
- Monument to the founders of Siberia (located in the heart of the city) - the composition is symbolic: the personification of the idea of statehood (Prince) of military force (the governor) and the embodiment of images of people whose hands built the city (Cossack), figure the priest - the image of the idea of orthodoxy, who came with Tsarev people on the land of Ugra. The height of the monument of 15 meters.
- Monument Komsomol Surgut - a monument engraved names of the first 16 members of the Komsomol of Surgut, and inscribed with words from the dedication of young people the 60s. Monument plays an important role in patriotic education, it is a meeting place war and labor veterans, festive gatherings, here come the newlyweds.
- The monument to Pushkin, manufactured in St. Petersburg. The total height of the composition - 6 meters.
- A monument to Karl Marx - formerly located in front of the old House of Culture on the street. Energetic, burned in 1974. Stored in a warehouse until the early 90's. At present, the monument is installed near the school № 4.
- Monument to G. Dimitrov - in commemoration of a collaborative effort with the Bulgarian builders in the 80s of last century, September 8, 1987 was opened by the Russian-Bulgarian garden of friendship, where the monument unveiled.
- The monument to soldiers-internationalists - an initiative of the social organization of veterans of the war in Afghanistan, "Salang". Here are installed boards with the names of Surgut, who died in the fighting in "hot spots".
- The monument builder "Iron Man" - the original park sculpture, made in metal, embodies the image builder in the form of a friendly cartoon.
- Monument to the nurse - Made in Sverdlovsk foundry. Its height is 3 meters. This is - the only monument in Russia Civil nurse.
- Monument aviators Siberia - MI-6 Utair located near the airport.
- Historical and cultural center of the "Old Surgut."
- Cable-stayed road bridge across the Ob River.
- Park "for Saeima" - a quiet romantic place in the busy streets.
- At 20 km west of the city on the right bank of the Ob is an archaeological site Autograph Gore (60 forts, 3000 houses, tombs, shrines, etc., the oldest of which date back to the Stone Age).
- Also, Stone Point - ski resort, where they like to rest Surgut and guests.



7. Culture of Surgut (Museums and theaters)

MUSEUMS:

- Museum of Art
- Surgut Art Gallery "Siberian Crane"
- Museum Center
- Museum of Oil and Gas Company "Gazprom"
- The museum complex "Merchant House"
- Museum of local lore

THEATERS:

- Music and Drama Theatre
- TSKID Camerton
- Theatre SurGU
- House of Culture "Oilman"
- Concert Hall SurGPU
- Puppet Theatre "Petrushka"



7. Culture of Surgut (Libraries and cinemas)



Libraries

- In January 1905, at the county guardianship was opened tea, and when its reference library - the first public library of Surgut. According to estimates, GA Pirozhnikova over 8 years of reading, the library held at the tea-dining room, attended by 14,500 people, including foreigners.
- In 1913 in Surgut opened the People's House, and the library began to act with him. It then had 930 books. Tradition to hold public readings continued. In the People's House also were staged, which was built by a real scene with decorations.
- In January 1924, the Surgut district was divided into Alexander and Surgut districts. In the Surgut district includes five rural councils: Surgut, Lokosovsky, Sytominsky, Tundrinsky, Yugansky. The public library is the Surgut district (as the central library for the district, which includes several administrative units).
- November 22, 2005 - The Library of Surgut entered the second edition of the bibliographic index "Surgut: Past and Present." The pointer is dedicated to the 100th anniversary of the opening day of the first public library in Surgut. The publication includes information about the life of the city: its history, culture and economy.
- Currently working in Surgut: 88 libraries with book fund of more than 2 mln.ekzempliarov, including 12 city libraries mass, united in a centralized library system.
- In particular include:
 - Central Library. Alexander Pushkin
 - Central Children's Library
 - Surgut district central library. GA Pirozhnikova

Cinemas

- The city has modern and comfortable cinemas:
 - "Aurora"
 - "Mir"
 - "Camerton"
 - "Adrenaline 5D"
 - "Gallery movie"
 - "October"



8. Interesting facts



Tornado

September 4, 2008 in the TPP-2 was seen a tornado, an unusual phenomenon for this region. In September 2009, a tornado again repeated a year later. Third consecutive year, Surgut observed tornado September 12, 2010

Hail

07:33 / July 5, 2010

On Sunday, the city showered by hail... Eyewitnesses claim that pieces of ice were the size of a walnut. 15 minutes element besiege the city. The result - the broken windows in homes and beaten the machine. Hail accompanied by heavy rains that flooded the city for almost an hour.

